

CHAPTER 61-02-07.1 PHARMACY TECHNICIAN

Section	
61-02-07.1-01	Purpose and Scope
61-02-07.1-02	Definitions
61-02-07.1-03	Educational Preparation
61-02-07.1-04	Ratio of Pharmacists to Pharmacy Technicians
61-02-07.1-05	Tasks Pharmacy Technicians May Perform
61-02-07.1-06	Tasks Pharmacy Technicians May Not Perform
61-02-07.1-07	Pharmacy Technician Registration Requirements
61-02-07.1-08	Supportive Personnel
61-02-07.1-09	Penalties for Violation of Rule Regulating Pharmacy Technicians
61-02-07.1-10	Pharmacy Technician Continuing Education
61-02-07.1-11	Pharmacy Technician in Training

61-02-07.1-01. Purpose and scope.

1. The board of pharmacy is responsible for maintaining, continuing, and enhancing the development of the educational and professional role of the pharmacists for the protection of the health, welfare, and safety of the citizens of the state.
2. Current practice requires an expanding knowledge base for pharmacists to serve patients with appropriate counseling, advising, evaluating, and cost-effective pharmaceuticals.
3. To assist a pharmacist in technical services related to pharmaceutical product preparation and distribution, the need for a pharmacy technician is appropriate.

History: Effective October 1, 1993.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02, 43-15-10(12)(14)

Law Implemented: NDCC 28-32-03, 43-15-10(12)(14)

61-02-07.1-02. Definitions.

1. "Pharmacy technician" means a person registered by the board of pharmacy who is employed by a pharmacy under the responsibility of the pharmacist-in-charge or a staff pharmacist so designated by the pharmacist-in-charge, to assist in the technical services of preparing pharmaceuticals for final dispensing by a licensed pharmacist in compliance with subsection 4 of North Dakota Century Code section 43-15-01 and subsection 16 of North Dakota Century Code section 43-15-01.
2. "Pharmacy technician in training" is a person who is enrolled in an academic experiential rotation program of North Dakota state college

of science or in an on-the-job self-instructioned pharmacy technician study program under the supervision of a licensed pharmacist.

3. "Supportive personnel" means a person other than a licensed pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or pharmacy technician who may be performing duties assigned by the pharmacist under direct supervision.

History: Effective October 1, 1993; amended effective July 1, 1996.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02, 43-15-10(12)(14)(19)

Law Implemented: NDCC 28-32-03

61-02-07.1-03. Educational preparation.

1. To be eligible to be registered by the board of pharmacy as a pharmacy technician the person must have completed one of the following requirements:
 - a. Successful completion of an academic program approved by the board of pharmacy;
 - b. An on-the-job training program that is directed by the pharmacist-in-charge and approved by the board of pharmacy; or
 - c. Employment in a pharmacy as clerical personnel or pharmacy technician for at least one year. This provision will expire one year after the approval of this rule and will require a request in writing by a pharmacist-in-charge of a North Dakota pharmacy.
2. A record of pharmacy technician education must be maintained by the pharmacist-in-charge or designated staff pharmacist which contains:
 - a. The name of the pharmacy technician receiving the education;
 - b. The date of the educational program;
 - c. A general description of the topic covered; and
 - d. The name of the presenter if not conducted by the pharmacist-in-charge.

History: Effective October 1, 1993.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02, 43-15-10(12)(14)

Law Implemented: NDCC 28-32-03, 43-15-10(12)(14)

61-02-07.1-04. Ratio of pharmacists to pharmacy technicians. The ratio of pharmacists to pharmacy technicians may not be greater than one to three (one pharmacist to three pharmacy technicians) in a retail setting. The ratio of pharmacists to pharmacy technicians may not be greater than one to four (one pharmacist to four pharmacy technicians) in a hospital or closed-door pharmacy

that does not deal directly with patients. A pharmacist may not supervise more than four telepharmacy sites. This ratio does not include other supportive personnel.

History: Effective October 1, 1993; amended effective January 1, 2005.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02, 43-15-10(12)(14)

Law Implemented: NDCC 28-32-03, 43-15-10(12)(14)

61-02-07.1-05. Tasks pharmacy technicians may perform.

1. Under the responsibility of the pharmacist-in-charge or designated staff pharmacist the pharmacy technician may perform any service assigned by the pharmacist-in-charge in the preparation of pharmaceuticals to be dispensed by the pharmacist to a patient except as specified in section 61-02-07.1-06.
2. The pharmacist is legally responsible for all the pharmacy technician's activities and services performed.

History: Effective October 1, 1993.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02, 43-15-10(12)(14)

Law Implemented: NDCC 28-32-03, 43-15-10(12)(14)

61-02-07.1-06. Tasks pharmacy technicians may not perform. The pharmacy technician may not:

1. Evaluate the patient's profile relative to the pharmaceuticals that have or will be dispensed.
2. Consult with the patient concerning the utilization of their pharmaceuticals.
3. Make decisions that require a pharmacist's professional education, such as interpreting and applying pharmacokinetic data and other pertinent laboratory data or therapeutic values to design safe and effective drug dosage regimens.
4. Engage in the practice of pharmacy, except as authorized by a licensed pharmacist, as permitted by North Dakota law and rules adopted by the board.

History: Effective October 1, 1993; amended effective July 1, 1996; October 1, 1999.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02, 43-15-10(12)(14)(19)

Law Implemented: NDCC 28-32-03

61-02-07.1-07. Pharmacy technician registration requirements.

1. A pharmacy technician must register with the board of pharmacy on an annual basis.

2. The pharmacy technician will be assigned a registration number.
3. The board of pharmacy must provide the pharmacy technician with an annual registration card and pocket identification card.
4. The pharmacy technician certificate and annual registration card must be displayed and visible to the public in the pharmacy where the pharmacy technician is employed.
5. The pharmacy technician must wear a name badge while in the pharmacy which clearly identifies the person as a "pharmacy technician".
6. Pharmacy technicians shall identify themselves as pharmacy technicians on all telephone conversations while on duty in the pharmacy.
7. The northland association of pharmacy technicians shall appoint annually three of their members as an advisory committee to the board of pharmacy.
8. Every registered pharmacy technician, within fifteen days after changing address or place of employment, shall notify the board of the change. The board shall make the necessary changes in the board's records.
9. A pharmacy technician having passed the reciprocity examination of the national association of boards of pharmacy, or any other examination approved by the board, shall be granted reciprocity and shall be entitled to registration as a registered pharmacy technician in North Dakota.
10. A pharmacy technician registered by the board may use the designations "registered pharmacy technician" and "R. Ph. Tech.".
11. A pharmacy technician holding a certificate of registration as a pharmacy technician in North Dakota may go on inactive status, and continue to hold a certificate of registration in North Dakota, provided that the technician on inactive status may not practice within North Dakota. A pharmacy technician on inactive status will not be required to meet the continuing education requirements of the board under chapter 61-02-07.1. In order for a pharmacy technician to change an inactive status registration to an active status of registration, the pharmacy technician must complete ten hours of approved pharmacy technician continuing education and thereafter comply with the continuing education requirements of the board.

12. In the case of loss or destruction of a certificate of registration, a duplicate can be obtained by forwarding the board an affidavit setting forth the facts.

History: Effective October 1, 1993; amended effective July 1, 1996.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02, 43-15-10(12)(14)(19)

Law Implemented: NDCC 28-32-03

61-02-07.1-08. Supportive personnel. Any duty that is not required to be performed by a registered pharmacist, registered pharmacy intern, or by a pharmacy technician may be performed by other employees of the pharmacy.

History: Effective October 1, 1993.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02, 43-15-10(12)(14)

Law Implemented: NDCC 28-32-03, 43-15-10(12)(14)

61-02-07.1-09. Penalties for violation of rule regulating pharmacy technicians. The registration of any pharmacy technician violating drug laws or rules may be revoked by the board of pharmacy. Pharmacists or pharmacies violating drug laws or rules may be subject to the penalties of North Dakota Century Code section 43-15-42.1.

History: Effective October 1, 1993.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02, 43-15-10(12)(14)

Law Implemented: NDCC 28-32-03, 43-15-10(12)(14)

61-02-07.1-10. Pharmacy technician continuing education.

1. Each pharmacy technician shall complete at least twenty hours of approved pharmacy technician continuing education every two years as a condition of renewal of a registration as a pharmacy technician in North Dakota.
2. There may be no carryover or extension of continuing education units with the exception that continuing education units obtained twelve months prior to the beginning of each two-year reporting period may be used in the current two-year reporting period or the previous reporting period, however, they may not be counted as credit in both reporting periods. The failure to obtain the required twenty hours of continuing education by the renewal date may result in a suspension for a minimum of thirty days, or a maximum of the period ending the date the continuing education is completed.
3. Pharmacy technicians shall maintain their own records on forms supplied by the board. The records must be maintained for a two-year period.
4. The requirements of this section do not apply to a pharmacy technician applying for a first renewal of a registration.

5. A pharmacy technician registered with the board may make application to the board for a waiver of compliance with the pharmacy technician continuing education requirements and may be granted an exemption by the board.
6. Upon request of the board, proof of compliance must be furnished to the board.
7. Approved pharmacy technician continuing education means those pharmacy technician continuing education programs approved by the board. The board shall maintain a record of approved programs, including the hours of credit assigned to each program which shall be available upon request.

History: Effective July 1, 1996; amended effective January 1, 2005.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02, 43-15-10(12)(14)(19)

Law Implemented: NDCC 28-32-03

61-02-07.1-11. Pharmacy technician in training. A pharmacy technician in training must be designated as a pharmacy technician in training and will be allowed to practice the professional duties of a registered pharmacy technician as determined by the pharmacist-in-charge and the supervising licensed pharmacist. Upon receipt of a request to have a person designated a pharmacy technician in training from a pharmacist-in-charge, the board, if appropriate, shall register the person so enrolled as a pharmacy technician in training. The maximum amount of time to be registered as a technician in training is two years unless an extension is granted.

History: Effective July 1, 1996; amended effective January 1, 2005.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02, 43-15-10(12)(14)(19)

Law Implemented: NDCC 28-32-03